

WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY

(Version 05)

Owner: Legal and Secretarial Department

Review Frequency: (As & when
necessary)

Last Reviewed On: (October 28, 2023)

Document Control

Version	Author	Reviewer	Approved by	Date
Version-1	N.V.S Pavan Kumar	-	Board of Director	December 24, 2016
Version-2	Amita Paunikar	Girish Amesara	Board of Directors	July 25, 2020
Version-3	Nilay Shah	Nayana Ovalekar	Board of Directors	November 25, 2021
Version-4	Nilay Shah	Nayana Ovalekar	Board of Directors	August 18, 2023
Version-5	Nilay Shah	Nayana Ovalekar	Board of Directors	October 28, 2023

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1. Purpose of the Policy

At CDSL, we are committed to the highest levels of ethics and integrity in the way that we do business. We understand that this is crucial to our continued success and reputation. CDSL Code Conduct, and policies guide our everyday conduct. Being a Market Infrastructure Intermediary, each one of us have a professional responsibility to speak up and report unethical behaviour. CDSL's Whistleblower Policy (Policy) is an important element in detecting unethical, unlawful or improper practices, acts or activities as also corrupt, illegal or other undesirable conduct (more particularly defined hereunder as "Alleged Wrongful Conduct"). CDSL strongly encourages you to speak up if you suspect or witness any matters of concern. CDSL will take all reports made under this Policy seriously.

This policy further aims to provide a secure environment and to encourage Directors/employees of the Company to report Alleged Wrongful Conduct, wrongdoing at the depository and to prohibit managerial personnel from taking any adverse personnel action against those employees who report such practices in good faith.

2. Introduction/Background/ Purpose of the Policy

The Company is committed to comply with the highest standards of professionalism, honesty, integrity and ethical behaviour, in line with the Company's Code of Conduct.

Section 177 (9) of the Companies Act, 2013 requires every listed company and such class or classes of companies as may be prescribed shall establish a vigil mechanism for directors and employees to report genuine concerns in such manner as may be prescribed. Further, Section 177 (10) requires that the vigil mechanism provide adequate safeguards against victimisation of persons who use such mechanism and provide direct access to the chairperson of the Audit Committee in appropriate or exceptional cases. It is also provided that the details of establishment of such mechanism shall be disclosed by the company on its website, if any, and in the Board's report.

The Companies and (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 further provides that in case of repeated frivolous complaints being filed by a director or an employee, the audit committee or the director nominated to play the role of audit committee may take suitable action against the director or the employee including reprimand.

Regulation 22 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (**SEBI Listing Regulations**) mandates that every listed company formulate a vigil mechanism whistle blower policy for directors and employees to report genuine concerns.

Regulation 9A (6), Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 (**SEBI PIT Regulations**) mandates that every listed company should have a whistleblower policy and make employees aware of such policy to enable employees to report instances of leak of unpublished price sensitive information.

3. Scope

This policy is applicable to all employees and Directors of Central Depository Services (India) Limited (“**CDSL**”) and its subsidiaries (collectively the “**Company**”).

This Policy should be read in conjunction with other policies, with the instructions already prevailing in the Company and the instructions under the Companies Act, 2013, Listing Regulations and SEBI PIT Regulations.

4. Roles and Responsibilities

It shall be the duty of every Director/employee of the Company to blow the whistle i.e., to report the matter to the Designated official/Chairman of Audit Committee/Chairman of Board as the case may be, immediately upon coming to know or having knowledge of any actual or possible violation of any Code of Conduct or any other unlawful or unethical or improper practice or act or activity concerning the Company.

5. Definitions

The definitions of some of the key terms used in this Policy are given below.

“**Alleged Wrongful Conduct**” means unlawful/ unethical/ improper practice/ act or activity may include, but is not limited to, any of the following:

- A violation of any law;
- Breach of contract;
- Manipulation of company data/records
- Pilferation of confidential/propriety information
- Wastage/misappropriation of company funds/assets
- Misuse or misappropriation of the Company’s assets;
- Incorrect financial reporting;
- A substantial and specific danger to health and safety;
- An abuse of authority.
- No manager, director, department head, or any other employee with authority to make or materially influence significant personnel decisions shall take or recommend an adverse personnel action against an employee

in knowing retaliation for a disclosure of information, made in good faith, about an Alleged Wrongful Conduct.

“Audit Committee” means the audit committee constituted by the board of directors of the Company.

“Subject” means a person against or in relation to whom a Disclosure has been made or evidence gathered during the course of an investigation.

“This Policy” or “Policies” means this Whistle-Blower Policy.

“Whistle-Blower” means any employee or director or any stakeholder by whatever name called (hereinafter referred to as “Whistle blower”), who in good faith raises genuine concern or reports evidence of activity by the company or its employee or director, If one is acting in good faith it does not matter if one is mistaken.

“Protected Disclosure or Complaint” means a written communication, whether by letter/ email/ or over telephone relating to unethical practice or behaviour or violation of code of conduct by employees/ Directors made in good faith by the Whistle Blower.

“Designated official” means Company Secretary of the Company.

“Whistle Blower Committee” means Committee constituted by the Chairman of Audit Committee comprising of such internal and external persons as Chairman of Audit Committee may deems fit, for the purpose of investigation of complaint against any member of Executive Management Committee.

“Key Managerial Personnel (KMP)” means any employee defined as KMP under the Companies Act, 2013, SEBI Listing Regulations and SEBI (Depository & Participant) Regulations, 2018.

6. Reporting Mechanism/ Complainant (Whistleblower)

Any Whistle-Blower willing to disclose information in respect of Alleged Wrongful Conduct may do so by sending an email or through physical mode in the manner.

- i. The Protected Disclosure or Complaint can be filed by way of an email to the following addressee(s), as the case maybe:

Sr. No	Complaint against	Addressed to	Email IDs.
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1.	Employees other than the Executive Management Committee (EMC)	Designated Official	whistleblower@cdslindia.com
2.	Complaints against EMC members including those against Managing Director & CEO	The Chairman of the Audit Committee	chairmanACB@cdslindia.com
3.	Complaints against the Chairman of Audit Committee	The Chairman of Board	chairmanboard@cdslindia.com
4.	Complaints against the Chairman of Board	The Governing Board	governingboard@cdslindia.com
5.	¹ Complaints against the Governing Board (except the Chairman of the Audit Committee & the Governing Board)	The Chairman of the Audit Committee	chairmanACB@cdslindia.com

The Protected Disclosure or Complaint can also be sent by way of hard copy addressed to the aforesaid addressee(s), as the case may be in a sealed envelope marked “*Private and Confidential*” and delivered at Central Depository Services (India) Limited, 25th floor, A-Wing, Mafatlal Mills Compound, N.M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel, Mumbai 400013.

- ii. Suitable proof of his/her identity/ contact numbers/ address so that additional information, if any, can be obtained. In case identity cannot be ensured, the Protected Disclosure will be treated as Anonymous/ Pseudonymous complaints, and may not attract further action; and
- iii. The disclosure whether by letter and /or email/ should provide specific and verifiable information.

¹ Amended vide Board Meeting approval dated October 28, 2023

7. Roles, Rights and Responsibilities of Whistle-Blowers

Whistle-Blowers provide initial information based on a reasonable belief that an Alleged Wrongful Conduct has occurred. The motivation of a whistle-blower is irrelevant to the consideration of the validity of the allegations. However, the intentional filing of a false report, whether orally or in writing is itself considered an improper activity, which the Audit Committee has the right to act upon.

Whistle-Blowers shall refrain from obtaining evidence for which they do not have a right of access. Such improper access may itself be considered an improper activity.

Whistle-Blowers have a responsibility to be candid with the members of the Audit Committee or others to whom they make a report of alleged improper activities and shall set forth all known information regarding any reported allegations.

Whistle-Blowers are “reporting parties,” not investigators. They are not to act on their own in conducting any investigative activities, nor do they have a right to participate in any investigative activities other than as requested by the investigating authority.

The identity of the Whistle-Blower will not be disclosed except where required under the law or for the purpose of the investigation. Should, however, the Whistle-Blower self-disclose his or her identity, there will no longer be an obligation not to disclose the Whistle-Blower’s identity.

A Whistle-Blower’s right to protection from retaliation does not extend immunity for any complicity in the matters that are the subject of the allegations or an ensuing investigation or any other misconduct or wrong doing.

This Policy may not be used as a defense by an employee against whom an adverse personnel action has been taken for legitimate reasons or cause under Company rules and policies. It shall not be a violation of this Policy to take adverse personnel action against an employee, whose conduct or performance warrants that action, separate and apart from that employee making a disclosure.

8. Procedure for Investigation

All concerns raised by the Whistle Blower against the employees other than the Executive Management Committee (EMC) will be investigated by the Designated Official’ of the Company. The said ‘Designated Official’ shall review the complaint and place before the EMC for its review.

The Complaint against EMC members including those against Managing Director & CEO shall be investigated by Chairman of Audit Committee through a Whistle Blower committee.

The actions to be taken in case of complaints against the Chairman of Audit Committee and Complaints against the Chairman of Board shall be decided by the Chairman of the Board and the Governing Board respectively.

The Whistle-Blower Committee shall, on receipt of the Protected Disclosure from Chairman of Audit committee and on being satisfied that the Protected Disclosure has verifiable information, arrange to verify the identity of the whistle Blower. Proper record will be kept of all disclosures received. Only on being satisfied that the Protected Disclosure has verifiable information, necessary enquiry/ investigation will be done with regard to the Protected Disclosure. Any inquiry/ investigation conducted against any subject shall not be construed by itself as an act of accusation and shall be carried out as neutral fact finding process, without presumption of any guilt. The inquiry/ investigation shall be conducted in a fair manner and provide adequate opportunity for hearing to the affected party.

The Committee will complete its investigations and deliver a written report of its findings to the Chairman of Audit Committee (“**Investigation Report**”) within 30 working days of receiving the reference from the Chairman of Audit Committee. In case the same cannot be completed within stipulated period, interim report should be submitted by the Whistle-Blower Committee giving *inter-alia*, the tentative date of completion. In case the Protected Disclosure made does not have any specific & verifiable information, the Whistle-Blower Committee will be authorized not to take any action. This would be suitably recorded and placed before the Chairman of Audit Committee. In case the allegations made in the Protected Disclosure are substantiated, appropriate departmental action will be taken against the employee concerned on whose part lapses are observed.

The decision of the Designated official /the Chairman of the Audit Committee / the Chairman of Board/the Governing Board as the case may be, shall be final and binding on all concerned. All information disclosed during the course of investigation shall remain strictly confidential.

Everyone working for or with the Company has a duty to cooperate in the investigation of reports of violations. Failure to cooperate in an investigation, or deliberately providing false information during an investigation, can be the basis for disciplinary action, including termination of employment. If, at the conclusion of its investigation, the Company determines that a violation has occurred, the Company will take effective remedial action commensurate with the nature of the offense. This action may include disciplinary action against the accused party, up to and including

termination. Reasonable and necessary steps will also be taken to prevent any further violations of Company policy.

9. Complaint against the Depository viz CDSL

If the Director or Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) at CDSL becomes aware of any wrongdoing at CDSL, they should promptly report it to the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI).

Failure by the Director or KMP to report to the SEBI will result in their liability for appropriate action, as determined by SEBI.

10. Protection

The Company will protect the confidentiality of the complainants and their names/identity will not be disclosed except as statutorily required under law.

- i. No adverse penal action shall be taken or recommended against an employee in retaliation to his/her disclosure in good faith of any unethical and improper practices or alleged wrongful conduct. It will be ensured that the Whistle Blower is not victimized for making the disclosure.
- ii. In case of victimization in such cases, serious view will be taken including departmental action leading up to termination of services of such persons victimizing the Whistle Blower.
- iii. Identity of the Whistle Blower will not be disclosed except to the Whistle Blower Committee and/or such other person specified by the Chairman of Audit Committee or Chairman of Board.
- iv. If any person is aggrieved by any action on the ground that he/she is being victimized due to the fact that he had filed a Protected Disclosure, he/ she may file an application before the Audit Committee.
- v. The Company will take steps to minimize difficulties, which the Whistle-Blower may experience as a result of making the protected disclosure; and
- vi. Any other employee assisting in the investigations or furnishing evidence shall also be protected to the same extent as the Whistle Blower.

11. Disqualification from protection

- i. Protection under this policy would not mean protection from departmental action arising out of false or bogus disclosure made with mala fide intention or Protected Disclosure made to settle personal grievance.

- ii. Whistle Blowers, who make any disclosures, which have been subsequently found to be mala fide or frivolous or malicious shall be liable to be prosecuted and appropriate disciplinary action will be taken against them under service rules/ bipartite settlements only when it is established that the Protected Disclosure has been made with the intention of malice.
- iii. This policy does not protect a Director/ employee from an adverse action which occurs independent of his disclosure under this policy or for alleged wrongful conduct, poor job performance or any other disciplinary action, etc. unrelated to a disclosure made pursuant to this policy.

12. Document Retention

All documents related to reporting, investigation and enforcement pursuant to this Policy shall be retained by the Company for a minimum period of 8 years.

13. Amendment to Policy

The Board of Directors of the Company may amend the Policy from time to time depending upon the Regulatory requirements.

14. Implementation of the Policy

A copy of the policy shall be uploaded on the website of the Company. The HR department will ensure that the policy is known to all employees of the Company.